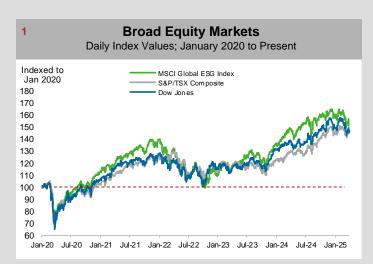
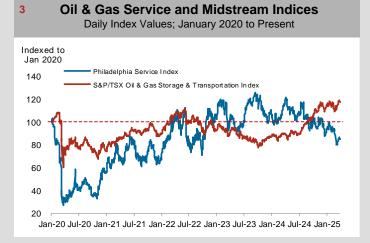


Visit www.arcenergyinstitute.com for more information on this publication and the Institute

Spot WTI Crude Spot Henry Hub Spot AESO Electricity EUA Emissions (ICE) **Bloomberg Commodity** Currency \$US/B \$US/MMBtu \$C/MWh EUR/Tonne Index \$US/\$Cdn 4.12 个 71.48 个 35.50 个 66.66 ↓ 106.40 个 0.6951 ↓

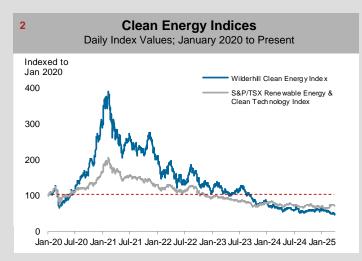


Broad market indices are one the many vital signs measuring the health of the economy. Energy demand is a function of economic health. Source: Bloomberg, ARC Financial Corp.



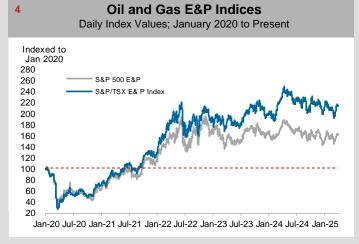
The performance of Canadian and US oilfield equities and Canadian midstream equities are compared against each other.

Source: Bloomberg



The performance of global and Canadian clean energy indices are compared against each other.

Source: Bloomberg, ARC Financial Corp.



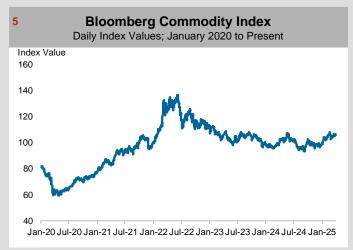
The performance of Canadian and US oil & gas equities are compared against each other.

Source: Bloomberg, ARC Financial Corp.

Please see Advisories and Disclaimers at the end of the publication for important cautionary advisory and disclaimer language

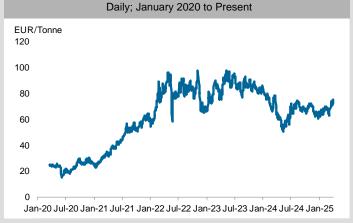


Energy Transition



BCOM is a widely tracked benchmark for the commodities market. It is composed of 23 exchange-traded contracts on physical commodities. Source: Bloomberg

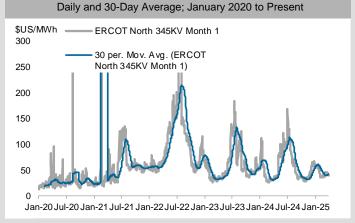
7 CO2e Emissions: ICE EUA Futures Contract



EU Allowances (EUA) are carbon credits equivalent to one tonne of CO2 used in the European Union Emissions Trading Scheme (EU ETS).

Source: Bloomberg

9 Texas Electricity: ERCOT North Hub Price

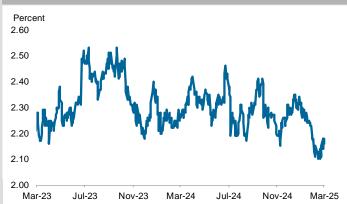


ERCOT is the grid operator for 90% of the electricity sold in Texas. The price shown is for the North Hub and is the wholesale price.

Source: Bloomberg

6 5-Yr, 5-Yr Forward Inflation Expectation Rate

Daily; Rolling 24 Month History

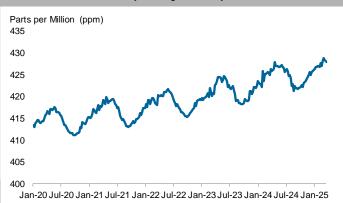


This series is a measure of expected inflation (on average) over the five-year period that begins five years from today. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{$

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, (FRED) Economic Data

Trends in Atmospheric CO2

Mauna Loa Weekly Average: January 2020 to Present

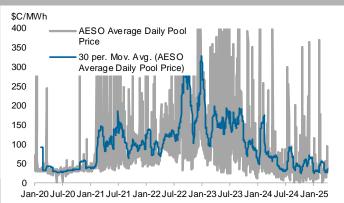


The carbon dioxide data on Mauna Loa constitutes the longest record of direct measurements of CO2 in the atmosphere.

Source: NOAA

10 Alberta Electricity: AESO Average Pool Price

Daily and 30-Day Average; January 2020 to Present



The Alberta Electric System Operator (AESO) manages and operates the provincial power grid.

Source: Bloomberg

11 WTI Crude Oil Price and Differential to Brent Near-Month WTI and Brent Differential; Rolling 12-Month History

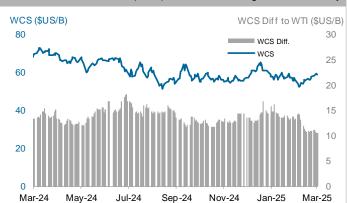


North American crude oil prices can sometimes disconnect from global prices depending on regional supply and demand dynamics.

Source: Bloomberg

13 CDN Heavy Oil Price Differential to WTI

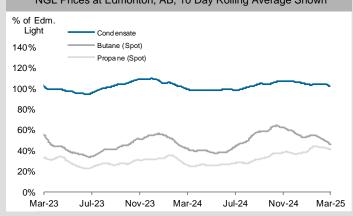
Western Canadian Select (WCS) Differential; Rolling 12-Month History



The differential should reflect quality differences and transportation costs. Greater discounts can result from infrastructure or refinery outages.

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet

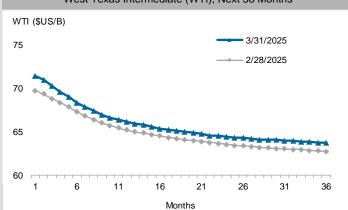
15 Daily NGL Prices as a % of Edmonton Light NGL Prices at Edmonton, AB, 10 Day Rolling Average Shown



Natural gas liquids have become critical contributors to producer's cash flow. Prices are influenced by the price of oil as well as local supply and demand. Source: Bloomberg, ARC Financial Corp.

12 US Crude Oil Futures

West Texas Intermediate (WTI), Next 36 Months

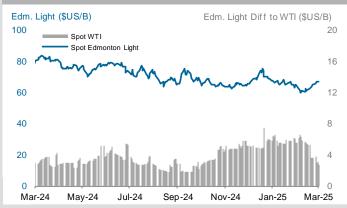


Forward prices for WTI are plotted for the next 36 contracts, and compared against the same contracts one month prior.

Source: Bloomberg

14 CDN Light Crude Oil Price Differential to WTI

WTI and Edmonton Light differential; Rolling 12-Month History

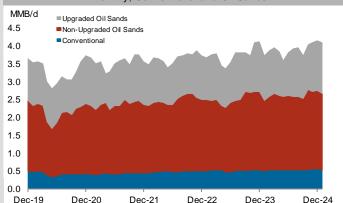


The differential should reflect the transportation cost from Alberta to Cushing. Greater discounts can result from infrastructure or refinery outages.

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet

16 Alberta Oil Production

Monthly; Conventional and Oil Sands

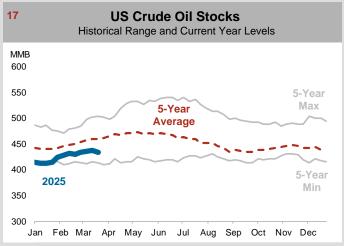


Most of Canada's oil production comes from Alberta; split between oil sands and conventional production.

Source: Alberta Energy Regulator

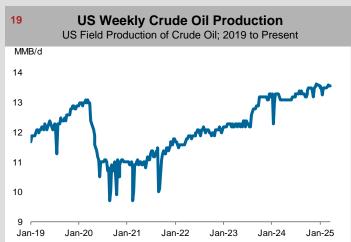


Crude Oil



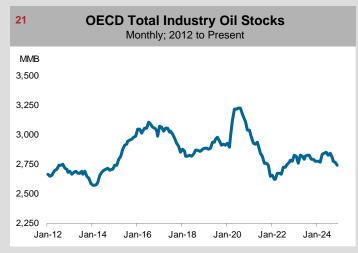
US crude oil stock levels can affect crude oil prices. Stock levels for the current year are represented by the blue line.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration



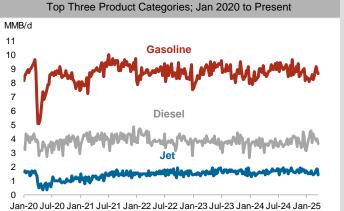
Weekly production is modelled by the EIA. It is less accurate then monthly reported numbers, but is instructive of up to date changes.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration



OECD stock levels can affect crude oil prices. Source: International Energy Agency

18 **US Petroleum Product Consumption**

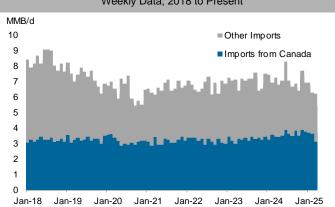


Gasoline, diesel and jet fuel consumption represent the majority of oil use in the US.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

US Crude Oil Imports

Weekly Data; 2018 to Present



Crude oil imports from Canada are taking market share from overseas

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

22 **OPEC and Russian Oil Production** Monthly; Rolling 60-Month History

Other OPEC Saudi and (MMB/d) Russia (MMB/d) Saudi 11 22 Russia 10 20 9 Other 16 **OPEC**

Feb-23

OPEC's production levels relative to its sustainable and spare capacity influences global crude prices. Note: scale has been expanded. Source: Bloomberg, OPEC, US Department of Energy

Feb-22

Feb-20

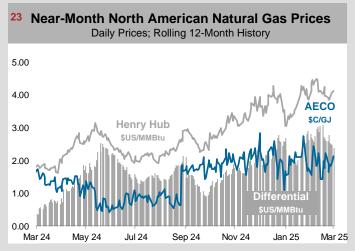
Feb-21

Feb-24

Feb-25

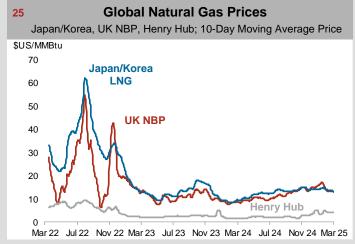


Natural Gas



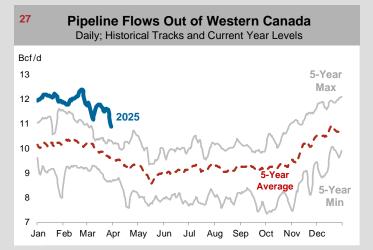
Near-month prices at AECO track Henry Hub prices, the exchange rate and the cost of transportation. Local factors can also affect price.

Source: Bloomberg



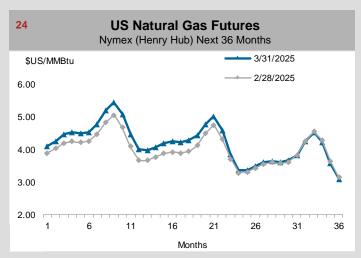
International natural gas prices strongly impact the economics of proposed LNG projects.

Source: Bloomberg



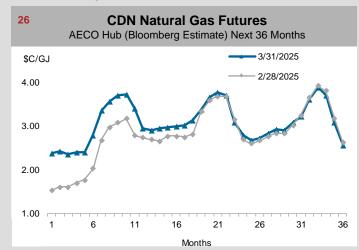
The ability of gas producers to move gas out of the WCSB to eastern markets and the US is a major factor in local natural gas prices.

Source: Various Pipeline Companies



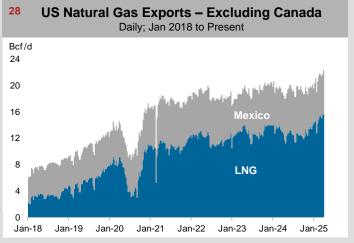
Forward contract prices are plotted for the next 36 months, and compared against the curve one month prior.

Source: Bloomberg



AECO forward prices mimic Henry Hub futures minus a differential.

Source: Bloomberg



Between exports to Mexico and LNG shipments, the US is growing as a natural gas exporter. Robust US supply growth has driven this trend.

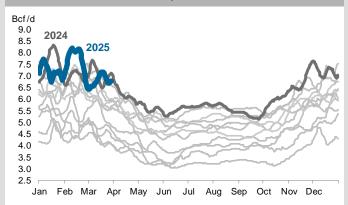
Source: Bloomberg



Natural Gas

29 Alberta Natural Gas Demand

TransCanada Intra-AB Deliveries; Current Year and Historical Tracks

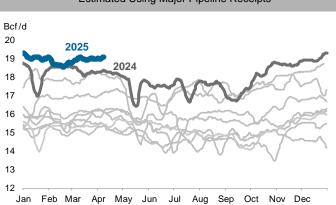


Alberta natural gas demand has grown steadily in recent years, largely driven by new oil sands demand and power generation projects.

Source: TransCanada Pipelines

Daily Western CDN Production

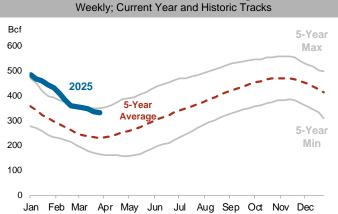
Estimated Using Major Pipeline Receipts



This includes receipts on the TCPL, Alliance, WestCoast and TransGas pipelines.

Source: Various Pipeline Companies

Western CDN Natural Gas Storage Levels

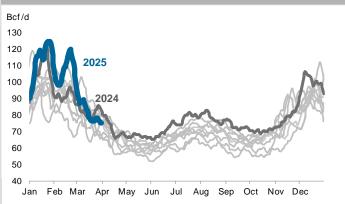


Canada's natural gas storage level provides a good metric if the country is well stocked. Abnormally high or low storage can affect the basis.

Source: Bloomberg

30 US Domestic Natural Gas Demand

Daily; Historical Tracks and Current Year Levels

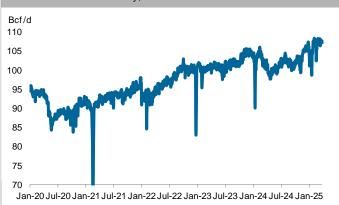


Domestic US demand fluctuates in the summer and during the winter as weather is an important driver of consumption.

Source: Bloomberg

Total US Dry Natural Gas Production

Daily; Jan 2020 to Present



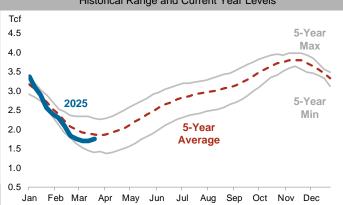
US production started ramping up in late 2007 and continues to grow year over year.

Source: Bloomberg

34

Total Working Natural Gas in US Storage

Historical Range and Current Year Levels

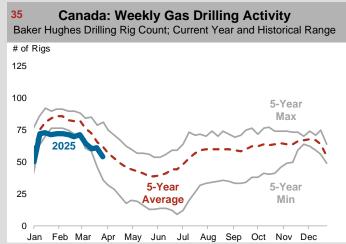


The EIA reports changes in US natural gas inventories held in underground storage facilities on a weekly basis.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration



Oilfield Activity

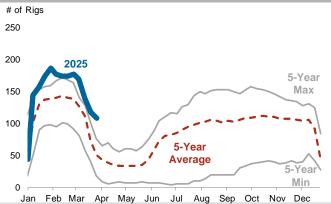


Unlike US drilling activity, Canadian rigs are dispatched seasonally. Capital allocation by operators is driven by views of future oil and gas prices.

Source: Baker Hughes

37 Canada: Weekly Oil Drilling Activity

Baker Hughes Drilling Rig Count; Current Year and Historical Range



Unlike US drilling activity, Canadian rigs are dispatched seasonally. Capital allocation by operators is driven by views of future oil and gas prices.

Source: Baker Hughes

39 Canada: Monthly Wells Drilled Current Year vs Years Prior

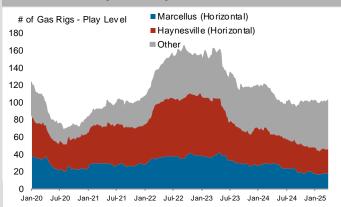
Wells Drilled **■ 2022 ■ 2023 ■ 2024 ■ 2025** 700 600 500 400 300 200 100 Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan

Total rig-releases for exploratory and development wells are highlighted in this chart. Rig releases for the current year are shown in red.

Source: Daily Oil Bulletin/JWN

United States: Weekly Gas Drilling Activity

Baker Hughes Gas Rig Counts; 2020 to Present

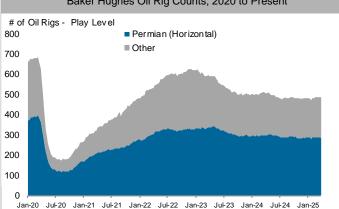


Tracking US gas drilling by major play provides insight into the composition of US gas supply and growth trends.

Source: Baker Hughes

United States: Oil Drilling Activity

Baker Hughes Oil Rig Counts; 2020 to Present

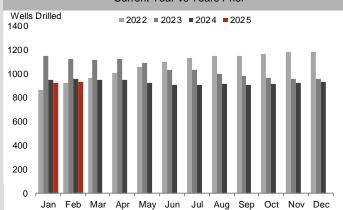


Tracking US oil drilling by major play provides insight into the composition of US oil supply and growth trends

Source: Baker Hughes

40 United States: Monthly Wells Drilled

Current Year vs Years Prior



Total onshore wells drilled in the US

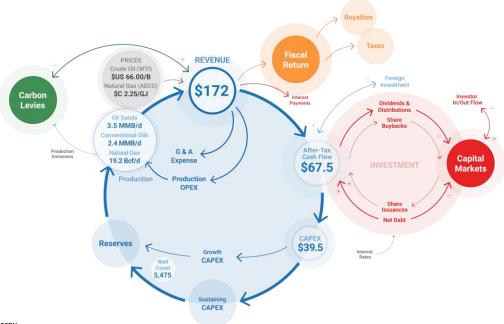
Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration



Canadian Industry Metrics

Estimated Capital Flow in the Canadian Oil and Gas Economy for 2025

Industry Revenue, Cash Flow, Reinvestment, Drilling Activity and Production



Source: Studio.Energy

41

Canadian Industry Statistics: Historical Data and Forecast

	Price		Production Volume				Capital Inflow		Reinvestment			Drilling
	Edmonton Par	AECO	Conv. Liquids	Bitumen + Synthetic	Natural Gas	Total Volume	Total Revenue	After-tax Cash Flow	Conv. Oil and Gas	Oilsands	Reinvest Ratio	Wells Drilled Rig-Release
	\$C/B	\$C/GJ	Average MBOE/d	Average MBOE/d	MBOE/d (@6:1)	MBOE/d (@ 6:1)	\$C millions	\$C millions	\$C millions	\$C millions	x:1	#/ Year
2015	53.94	2.80	1,952	2,381	2,529	6,862	85,585	21,433	31,609	22,929	2.54	5,382
2016	50.08	2.10	1,970	2,421	2,559	6,949	79,906	22,682	23,036	15,426	1.70	4,060
2017	59.08	2.40	2,068	2,674	2,588	7,331	103,638	43,895	28,724	13,803	0.97	7,076
2018	69.57	1.55	2,248	2,913	2,693	7,854	116,850	51,975	27,438	11,661	0.75	6,927
2019	67.05	1.60	2,320	2,948	2,618	7,886	118,388	49,632	25,809	9,306	0.71	4,886
2020	44.54	2.25	2,201	2,842	2,578	7,621	83,382	32,987	14,155	7,254	0.65	2,970
2021	79.07	3.55	2,207	3,101	2,686	7,995	154,269	69,852	16,959	8,957	0.37	4,638
2022	116.93	5.55	2,290	3,162	2,885	8,337	231,292	108,724	25,520	11,867	0.34	5,723
2023	96.20	2.95	2,299	3,228	2,988	8,516	182,295	75,525	26,989	12,459	0.52	5,389
2024e	94.70	1.45	2,455	3,365	3,044	8,864	185,306	69,560	27,273	13,286	0.58	5,758
2025e	85.59	2.23	2,410	3,450	3,203	9,064	171,953	67,545	26,236	13,209	0.58	5,475

Advisories and Disclaimers: This document is provided for informational purposes only and none of the information contained herein is intended to provide, nor should be construed as, investment, financial, legal or other advice and should not be relied upon as such. Certain of the information and data contained herein has been obtained or prepared from publicly available documents and other sources prepared by third parties, and ARC has relied upon such information and data. ARC does not audit or independently verify such information and data and ARC makes no representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and data nor the conclusions derived therefrom. This document has been published on the basis that ARC shall not be responsible for, and ARC hereby expressly disclaims any responsibility or liability for, any financial or other losses or damages of any nature whatsoever arising from or otherwise relating to any use of this document.

Certain information contained herein may constitute forward-looking information and forward-looking statements" (collectively, "forward-looking statements") under the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. Forward-looking statements include estimates, plans, expectations, intentions, opinions, forecasts, projections, guidance or other statements that are not statements of fact, including but not limited to global and industry economic conditions and policies, production, demand and commodity prices. Although ARC believes that the assumptions underlying and expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no (and does not give any) assurance that such assumptions and expectations will prove to have been correct. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors outside of ARC's control that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed herein. Neither ARC nor any of its affiliates undertakes any obligation to publicly revise such forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances, except as required by law.